# Media Influences on Innovation & Technological Evolution

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## **General Outline**

- Theoretical Background
- Diffusion & Media theories
  - Problems with these theories
- Target Audience
- Proposed Research

#### Genesis

- Research into adaptive change of technology
- Culture technology relationships
- Where does the place of primacy go?



### **Specific Instances**

- Internet / Virtual Reality
  - Did current implementations draw inspiration from media sources?
- Handheld electronics
  - Form vs. Function, or actualization of Sci-Fi concepts when tech level made it achievable?
- Military Design
  - Land warrior project, UAVs, etc.

#### **Theoretical Search**

#### Technological Evolution theories

- o Nelson & Winter
- Bassala
- Petroski
- Cultural Evolution theories
  - Boyd & Richerson
  - Dawkins
  - o Et. al.

## Diffusion

**E.M. Rogers, (3<sup>rd</sup> ed., 1983,[1962])** 

"The diffusion of innovations, thus, is essentially a social process in which subjectively perceived information about a new idea is communicated."

## S-Curve



Models the adoption of an innovation within a given population Not identical for each innovation, but follows the same general pattern.

#### Media theory

Gerbner - Cultivation theory
Cumulative effects of exposure
Katz – Uses & Gratifications
"equipment for living"
So what is the media really being used for?

#### **Problems with Diffusion**

- Innovation-centric
  - Not an issue for the ISRN's purposes
- Longitudinal requirement
  - The process can only be viewed over *time*
- Recall bias
  - Issues with post hoc rationalization
- All 3 will need to be dealt with in research design

#### **Problems with Media Theory**

- Effects-oriented
- Approaches problem from the wrong direction.
- Selective in what "counts" as a violent (or other) event – inconsistencies in the fired.

## Sample Design

- Iterative process
  - Grounded theory: results from initial study will determine subsequent research
- Interview
  - 'elicitation interview': open-ended, let the respondent provide the results, rather than using a questionnaire

## S-Curve Zoom



- Rogers' Innovators + Opinion Leaders
- Similar to Von Hippel's "Lead Users"
  - This is where the research target lies
- Porous boundary between the groups

## Continuum

- Designed to address the critiques of Diffusion Theory
- Provide a "moving snapshot" or the target audience
- Addresses 4 core groups to provide this range



#### **Projected Results**

- What percentage of the sample attributes innovation to media influences whatsoever?
  - How prevalent is the role of media influence
- What are the key media influences?
  - Repeated mentions, inter- or intra- group
- Are these media influences innovationrelated?
  - Do they provide inspiration in different ways?

